Musical Excellence: The Hallmark of Texas Bands

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Most Texas band directors and directors from around the country have traditionally felt the hallmark of Texas marching bands is their musical excellence. Specifically, the exceptional tone quality, technical facility, ensemble skills, and artistry are some of the most notable characteristics. Every year this excellence is on display at the state marching band championships and during the countless other performances given by our bands throughout the fall. How have we established these high standards, expectations, and performance levels? And, how do we not only maintain these high standards, but also continue to grow?

Historically, the implementation of a well-balanced curriculum, combined with exemplary teaching and strong stakeholder support, has probably contributed most significantly to the success of Texas bands. When asked what constitutes a well-balanced curriculum, most responses would likely relate to the development of the individual musician, which, in turn should facilitate the enjoyment of high-quality music making. Remember the adage, "If you want a better band, develop better players." Let's take a moment to reflect on the concept of development of the individual musician.

Wind players are taught how to play their instruments while seated in a chair. Proper posture, hand position, embouchure, and breath control are among the basic tenants of learning how to play a wind instrument. The development of these concepts is a lifelong pursuit, requiring patience,

diligence, and meticulous attention to detail.

Most band students begin receiving instruction in sixth grade, few spend а years developing their craft at the middle school or junior high level, then continue on to high school in ninth grade. Most high schools introduce marching band into curriculum during the fall semester, coinciding with football season.

Instruction begins at some point in the summer and students are taught how to play their instruments and move their feet at the same time. We put a uniform on them, have them memorize their music, teach them marching and other choreography that goes with the music and then ask them to do all this while simultaneously playing their instruments. Coupled with the extreme Texas heat, this

process can be overwhelming to the young musician. However, when taught correctly, marching band is a skill most can achieve. With the exception of an occasional parade

> or football playoff game, marching season band usually concludes sometime November after the band's final contest or football game. At this point in the year, bands typically transition concert season.

How does concert band contribute to the development of the individual musician? Concert band allows students to play their instruments

in a temperature-controlled environment without the task of simultaneous physical choreography. Additionally, we have the opportunity to explore an immense body of literature and focus our efforts exclusively on making music. The transition to concert band sometime in November also affords band programs the opportunity to spend the majority of the school year on

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concert ensemble skills, solos, and small ensembles, which all allow for the maximum development of the individual musician. It is this "season" of our curriculum that, when done correctly, should define the high level of achievement in our programs. In other words, most believe that "concert season" is our foundation for musical excellence.

I recognize there is a very delicate balance between marching band and concert band. My fear is that if we ever do anything to damage this delicate balance the intended and unintended consequences could be detrimental and irreversible to the excellence we have spent over a century cultivating. There have—and always will be—temptations to have our wind players spend more of the school year

Dr. Bradley Kent serves as State Director of Music for the University Interscholastic League, where he oversees a system that provides educational competition for some 750,000 student participants in Texas. Prior to his UIL appointment, he held the position of Director of Fine Arts for the Richardson ISD, where he was the administrator for all Band, Choir, Orchestra, Visual Art, and Theatre programs. Dr. Kent began his career as a band director in the Lewisville ISD and went on to serve on the faculties of Texas A&M University at Commerce and Lamar University. Ensembles under his direction have performed at the Midwest Clinic, the Texas Music Educators Association Clinic/Convention, the College Band Directors National Association Conferences, and the Texas Bandmasters Association Convention. He has presented guest lectures and clinics across Texas and at events such as the International Wind Music History Conference, the Midwest Clinic, the Texas Bandmasters Association Convention, the College Band Directors National Association Conference, and the Texas Music Educators Association Clinic/Convention. Dr. Kent also maintains an active conducting schedule, including serving as Conductor and Music Director of the newly formed Texas Youth Wind Symphony, a group comprised of high school musicians from throughout the greater Austin, TX area. Dr. Kent holds the Doctor of Musical Arts degree and the Master of Music degree from The University of Texas at Austin, as well as the Bachelor of Music Education degree from Louisiana State University. He enjoys serving as both a clinician and evaluator for ensembles of all levels and is active as an advocate for the arts and arts education.

and curriculum on marching band than concert band. Please understand I believe wholeheartedly that marching band holds an important place in a well-balanced high school band curriculum. However, I also strongly believe that we should never lose sight of what got us to where we are today, lest we run the risk of losing the hallmark of our Texas bands.

In conclusion, during this time of "concert season" I encourage my colleagues throughout the state to keep your efforts focused solely on the development of the young musicians in your program through the vast body of concert literature available for large ensembles, small ensembles, and soloists.